

Abutments: The Good, The Bad and The Ugly

Peri-implantitis has been identified in up to 50% of surveyed communities. To decrease the prevalence of peri-implantitis, it is necessary for dental practitioners to identify factors associated with this condition, and render pro-active rather than re-active treatment to decrease the risk of peri-implantitis in our patient populations.

Learning Objectives include:

Identify various prosthetic and abutment design factors associated with iatrogenic peri-implantitis.
Develop appropriate strategies for patient's compliance and effectiveness in their plaque control endeavors.
Learn clinical and biological features of the treatment modality known as the 'On One' abutment system, as well as the concept of 'One Abutment One Time'.
Recognize future trends in implant design and implant surfaces to facilitate predictable long-term treatment success.

